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p-Chlorophenyl 3,4,6-Tri-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-2-methylene- β -D-glucopyranoside

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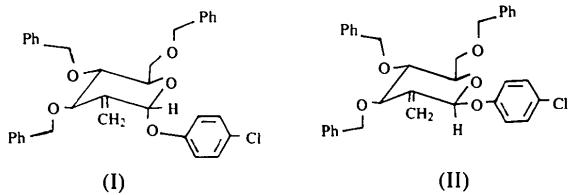
Abstract

The title compound, $C_{34}H_{33}ClO_5$, has a β configuration at the anomeric centre C1. The pyranose ring adopts a chair conformation with all the substituents in equatorial positions. The molecular packing is achieved through van der Waals interactions.

Comment

The title compound was prepared as an intermediate to prove the mechanism of the reaction of a new Ferrier system (Booma & Balasubramanian, 1993a) with phenols (Booma & Balasubramanian, 1993b). Structure (I) was originally suggested for this compound but NMR NOE experiments indicated structure (II) with a β configuration at the anomeric centre C1 (Fig. 1). The present paper reports the X-ray structure, confirming this configuration in the crystal. A perspective view of the molecule is given in Fig. 1.

[†] DCB contribution No. 840.



The pyranose ring adopts a chair conformation ($\Delta C_m = 8.2^\circ$, $\Delta C_2 = 10.1^\circ$) (Duax, Weeks & Rohrer, 1976). All the phenyl rings are planar [$\chi^2 = 1.0, 19.0, 3.6$ and 2.8 for rings A (C8–C13), B (C14–C19), C (C22–C27) and D (C29–C34), respectively]; the angles between the planes are A–B $121.0(3)^\circ$, B–C $137.0(2)^\circ$, C–D $147.1(2)^\circ$, A–D $128.9(3)^\circ$, A–C $18.5(2)^\circ$ and B–D $16.4(2)^\circ$. The moiety C6—O2—C7—C8 is planar and makes an angle of $27.7(4)^\circ$ with ring A.

The C28—O5 bond is synplanar with respect to the C29—C34 bond. The substituents at C1, C3, C4 and C5 are all in equatorial positions. The packing in the unit cell is governed only by van der Waals interactions.

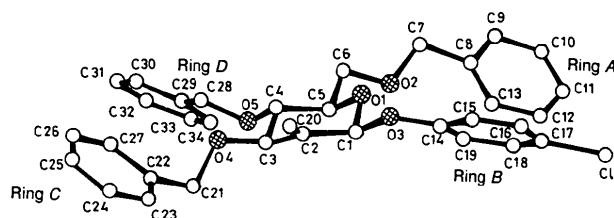


Fig. 1. A perspective view of the title compound.

Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{34}H_{33}ClO_5$	$Cu K\alpha$ radiation
$M_r = 558.093$	$\lambda = 1.5418 \text{ \AA}$
Orthorhombic	Cell parameters from 25 reflections
$P2_12_12_1$	$\theta = 15–25^\circ$
$a = 8.236(3) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 1.4 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 14.967(4) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 293 \text{ K}$
$c = 24.032(5) \text{ \AA}$	Needle
$V = 2962(1) \text{ \AA}^3$	$0.24 \times 0.12 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$
$Z = 4$	Colourless
$D_x = 1.24 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$	Crystal source: recrystallized
$D_m = 1.25(2) \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$	from CHCl_3 –EtOH
D_m measured by flotation	

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius diffractometer	$\theta_{\max} = 60^\circ$
w/2 θ scans	$h = 0 \rightarrow 8$
Absorption correction:	$k = 0 \rightarrow 16$
none	$l = 0 \rightarrow 26$
2538 measured reflections	3 standard reflections
2538 independent reflections	monitored every 200 reflections
2214 observed reflections	intensity decay: <3%
	[$I > 3\sigma(I)$]

Refinement

Refinement on F
 $R = 0.042$
 $wR = 0.047$
 $S = 0.62$
1548 reflections
361 parameters
All H-atom parameters refined

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F) + 0.009(F)^2]$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.113$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.18 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.17 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Extinction correction: none
Atomic scattering factors from SHELXS86 (Sheldrick, 1985)

Table 1. *Fractional atomic coordinates and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)*

$$U_{\text{eq}} = (1/3)\sum_i \sum_j U_{ij} a_i^* a_j^* \mathbf{a}_i \cdot \mathbf{a}_j$$

	x	y	z	U_{eq}
C1	0.1544 (3)	0.2906 (1)	0.9885 (1)	0.109 (1)
O1	0.3531 (5)	0.7406 (2)	0.9660 (1)	0.058 (2)
O2	0.3093 (6)	0.7285 (3)	0.8489 (1)	0.079 (3)
O3	0.3344 (5)	0.6593 (3)	1.0454 (1)	0.067 (2)
O4	0.2687 (5)	0.9776 (3)	1.0469 (1)	0.072 (2)
O5	0.2428 (5)	0.9662 (2)	0.9254 (1)	0.064 (2)
C1	0.2655 (7)	0.7331 (4)	1.0169 (2)	0.058 (3)
C2	0.2866 (7)	0.8164 (4)	1.0498 (2)	0.062 (3)
C3	0.2341 (7)	0.8980 (4)	1.0181 (2)	0.060 (3)
C4	0.3122 (7)	0.8997 (4)	0.9604 (2)	0.059 (3)
C5	0.2880 (6)	0.8113 (3)	0.9320 (2)	0.053 (3)
C6	0.3733 (8)	0.8036 (4)	0.8769 (2)	0.061 (3)
C7	0.4147 (8)	0.6887 (4)	0.8102 (2)	0.070 (4)
C8	0.3332 (8)	0.6070 (4)	0.7858 (2)	0.058 (3)
C9	0.3783 (9)	0.5775 (4)	0.7340 (2)	0.081 (4)
C10	0.3079 (12)	0.5008 (6)	0.7116 (3)	0.098 (5)
C11	0.1987 (12)	0.4550 (5)	0.7400 (3)	0.099 (5)
C12	0.1537 (12)	0.4822 (5)	0.7911 (3)	0.103 (6)
C13	0.2186 (9)	0.5578 (4)	0.8148 (2)	0.077 (4)
C14	0.2927 (7)	0.5745 (4)	1.0283 (2)	0.059 (3)
C15	0.2171 (8)	0.5549 (4)	0.9785 (2)	0.065 (3)
C16	0.1769 (8)	0.4680 (4)	0.9663 (2)	0.069 (4)
C17	0.2155 (8)	0.4011 (4)	1.0025 (2)	0.076 (4)
C18	0.2975 (10)	0.4202 (5)	1.0518 (3)	0.091 (5)
C19	0.3340 (8)	0.5074 (5)	1.0636 (2)	0.078 (4)
C20	0.3489 (9)	0.8195 (5)	1.1015 (2)	0.091 (5)
C21	0.1348 (8)	0.1016 (5)	1.0762 (2)	0.077 (4)
C22	0.1986 (7)	0.1756 (4)	1.1204 (2)	0.062 (3)
C23	0.1587 (10)	1.0599 (4)	1.1756 (2)	0.082 (4)
C24	0.2198 (12)	1.1161 (5)	1.2160 (2)	0.098 (5)
C25	0.3134 (9)	1.1867 (5)	1.2040 (3)	0.079 (4)
C26	0.3545 (10)	1.2030 (4)	1.1500 (3)	0.086 (5)
C27	0.2986 (10)	1.1480 (4)	1.1088 (2)	0.079 (4)
C28	0.3165 (11)	1.0506 (5)	0.9274 (2)	0.095 (5)
C29	0.2799 (9)	1.1044 (4)	0.8758 (2)	0.069 (4)
C30	0.3445 (10)	1.1887 (4)	0.8714 (3)	0.078 (4)
C31	0.3156 (12)	1.2408 (4)	0.8246 (4)	0.102 (6)
C32	0.2216 (12)	1.2070 (5)	0.7818 (4)	0.099 (6)
C33	0.1592 (10)	1.1250 (5)	0.7870 (3)	0.087 (5)
C34	0.1829 (8)	1.0717 (4)	0.8327 (2)	0.071 (4)

Table 2. *Selected geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)*

O1—C1	1.425 (6)	O3—C14	1.378 (7)
O1—C5	1.440 (5)	O4—C3	1.407 (7)
O2—C6	1.412 (7)	O4—C21	1.429 (7)
O2—C7	1.405 (7)	O5—C4	1.423 (6)
O3—C1	1.418 (7)	O5—C28	1.402 (9)
C1—O1—C5	110.9 (4)	O5—C4—C5	107.1 (4)
C6—O2—C7	115.0 (5)	O1—C5—C4	109.9 (4)
C1—O3—C14	118.3 (4)	C4—C5—C6	113.9 (4)
C3—O4—C21	115.3 (4)	O1—C5—C6	105.6 (4)
C4—O5—C28	115.8 (4)	O2—C6—C5	107.8 (4)
O1—C1—O3	105.9 (4)	O2—C7—C8	109.0 (5)
O3—C1—C2	110.5 (4)	O3—C14—C19	115.6 (5)
O1—C1—C2	109.3 (4)	O3—C14—C15	124.5 (5)
O4—C3—C2	112.4 (4)	O4—C21—C22	108.7 (5)
O4—C3—C4	110.3 (4)	O5—C28—C29	111.5 (5)
O5—C4—C3	112.3 (4)		

C1—O1—C5—C6	-171.9 (4)	C1—C2—C3—O4	-174.1 (4)
C1—O1—C5—C4	64.8 (5)	C20—C2—C3—O4	4.4 (8)
C5—O1—C1—O3	177.2 (4)	C20—C2—C3—C4	128.2 (6)
C5—O1—C1—C2	-63.8 (5)	O4—C3—C4—O5	-66.1 (6)
C6—O2—C7—C8	177.2 (5)	C2—C3—C4—O5	169.0 (4)
C7—O2—C6—C5	-153.9 (4)	O4—C3—C4—C5	174.7 (4)
C14—O3—C1—O1	-77.3 (5)	O5—C4—C5—O1	-178.9 (4)
C1—O3—C14—C15	14.6 (8)	C3—C4—C5—O1	-56.6 (5)
C1—O3—C14—C19	-166.8 (5)	O5—C4—C5—C6	62.8 (6)
C14—O3—C1—C2	164.5 (4)	O1—C5—C6—O2	73.7 (5)
C3—O4—C21—C22	158.4 (5)	C4—C5—C6—O2	-165.7 (4)
C21—O4—C3—C2	-99.4 (6)	O2—C7—C8—C9	154.7 (5)
C21—O4—C3—C4	136.7 (5)	O2—C7—C8—C13	-28.2 (8)
C4—O5—C28—C29	158.6 (5)	O3—C14—C19—C18	179.1 (6)
C28—O5—C4—C3	90.1 (6)	O3—C14—C15—C16	-178.2 (5)
C28—O5—C4—C5	-149.1 (5)	O4—C21—C22—C23	-121.3 (6)
O3—C1—C2—C3	172.9 (4)	O4—C21—C22—C27	58.8 (7)
O1—C1—C2—C3	56.7 (6)	O5—C28—C29—C30	-179.6 (6)
O3—C1—C2—C20	-5.7 (8)	O5—C28—C29—C34	0.5 (9)
O1—C1—C2—C20	-121.8 (6)		

Data were corrected for Lorentz and polarization effects. The structure was solved by direct methods. H atoms were found by difference Fourier synthesis and were refined isotropically. Data collection: Enraf-Nonius diffractometer software. Cell refinement and data reduction: SDP (Frenz, 1978). Program used to solve structure: SHELXS86 (Sheldrick, 1985). Program used to refine structure: SHELX76 (Sheldrick, 1976). Calculation of geometric parameters: PARST (Nardelli, 1983). Molecular graphics: PLUTO (Motherwell & Clegg, 1978). Most of the calculations were performed on a MicroVAX II computer system.

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Lists of structure factors, anisotropic displacement parameters, H-atom coordinates, bond distances and angles involving non-H atoms and torsion angles have been deposited with the IUCr (Reference: Li1117). Copies may be obtained through The Managing Editor, International Union of Crystallography, 5 Abbey Square, Chester CH1 2HU, England.

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